

**Product Information** 

Version: 8 PI GLOB EN 10-08-2021

### Description

RENNET NATUREN STD PLUS 290 is a standardized rennet manufactured from extracts of the fourth stomach of calves. The product contains a milk-clotting enzyme which is highly specific for kappa-casein, resulting in very good curd formation. The general proteolytic activity also has a significant influence on the flavor and texture development of cheeses. The active milk-coagulating enzymes are chymosin (EC 3.4.23.4) and bovine pepsin (EC 3.4.23.1). NB indicates that this product is formulated with "No Benzoate" added. As benzoate helps maintain the microbial quality of liquid enzyme products, Chr. Hansen strongly advises customers to adhere to the recommended storage and transportation temperatures for NB products. If this is not possible, a benzoate-free powder product or liquid formulated with benzoate should be used.

Material No: 696994

Size 15 L Storage temp: 0 - 8 °C / 32 - 46 °F

Type Jerry can Conditions: Protect from light . Keep closed in the

original container.

#### Shelf life

12 months from quality release when stored according to the recommended storage conditions. The shelf life is limited to 6 weeks after opening, provided the product is kept according to the recommended storage conditions.

### Transport condition

Ambient temperature. If transit time is more than 7 days, transport the product between 2 and 8°C / 36 and 46 °F.

### Application

RENNET NATUREN STD PLUS 290 can be used for producing any type of cheese; hard, semi-hard, soft, mold-ripened, low-fat and ingredient cheeses.

### Dosage

30-60 IMCU/I milk

The correct dosage of coagulants depends on the following factors: cheese type, temperature and pH of the cheese milk, characteristics of cultures and dosage of CaCl<sub>2</sub> and NaCl. Factors may vary according to country, dairy and day. Therefore, exact dosage should be optimized to local conditions.

### Directions for use

Heat the milk to the desired renneting temperature. It is recommended to dilute 1 part of coagulant in 5-15 parts of water prior to use. Dilution water must have a pH <6.4 and be free of chlorine. If pH and chlorine are not under control, we recommend to mix 80% of cold water with 20% of cold milk, and use this solution for dilution. The diluted coagulant should be added immediately to the milk while stirring for 2-3 minutes to distribute the coagulant properly in the cheesemilk.

# Composition

Water, Sodium chloride, Chymosin, Pepsin

# Specification

**Properties** 

Average activity: 290 IMCU/ml Guaranteed activity: 275,0 - 305,0 IMCUML

Guaranteed activity is the minimum activity at best-before date.

Content

www.chr-hansen.com Page: 1 (5)



**Product Information** 

Version: 8 PI GLOB EN 10-08-2021

Enzyme type: Animal rennet Chymosin: 96 % (± 4%)

Pepsin:  $4 \% (\pm 4\%)$ 

**Physical Properties** 

Color:Yellowish to amberForm:LiquidSolubility:Water solubleOdor:CharacteristicpH:5,60 - 6,10Density:1,12 - 1,14

The product may exhibit batch-to-batch color variations. This has no influence on the activity.

Formulation

Sodium chloride (w/v):  $\Rightarrow$  19,5 %

Microbiological quality

< 100 cfu/ml Aerobic plate count: < 100 cfu/ml Total count: Coliform bacteria: Yeast and mould: < 10 cfu/ml < 1 cfu/ml Salmonella spp.: Absent in 100ml Escherichia coli: Absent in 50ml Coagulase-positive Listeria monocytogenes: Absent in 100ml Absent in 5ml

staphylococci:

#### Comments

Methods are available on request.

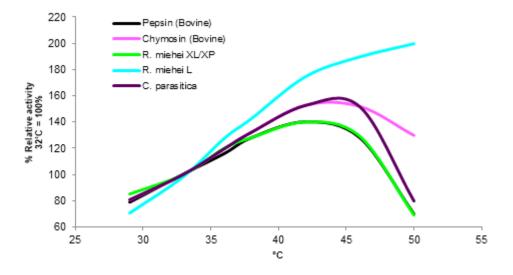
This product complies with the recommended purity specifications for food-grade enzymes given by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives (JECFA) and the Food Chemical Codex (FCC) with heavy metal specifications for Lead ( $\leq 5$  ppm), Cadmium ( $\leq 0.5$  ppm), Mercury ( $\leq 0.5$  ppm) and Arsenic ( $\leq 3$  ppm).

### **Technical Data**

### Temperature

The relative activity of different enzymes depends on the temperature. For this product, the temperature optimum is approximately  $36-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  /  $97-104^{\circ}\text{F}$ .

The following graph demonstrates the influence of temperature on coagulant activity in milk.



www.chr-hansen.com Page: 2 (5)



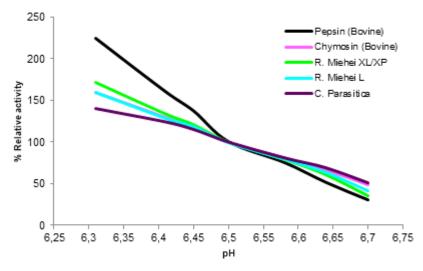
**Product Information** 

Version: 8 PI GLOB EN 10-08-2021

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The activity of coagulants is pH dependent; the lower the pH, the higher the activity.

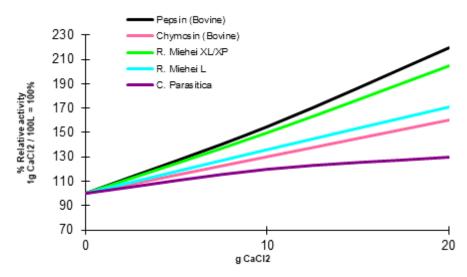
The following graph demonstrates the influence of pH on coagulant activity in milk.



#### Calcium

The addition of calcium chloride to milk increases the activity of coagulants due to a decrease in pH and also has an effect on aggregation. Excessive use of calcium chloride may induce bitterness in the cheese.

The following graph demonstrates the influence of calcium chloride on coagulant activity in milk.



#### Stability

Residual milk clotting activity in whey following pasteurization for 15 seconds at pH > 6.0 and a temperature of  $72^{\circ}$ C/  $162^{\circ}$ F: <2%

### Technical support

Chr. Hansen's Application and Product Development Laboratories and personnel are available if you need further information.

www.chr-hansen.com Page: 3 (5)



**Product Information** 

Version: 8 PI GLOB EN 10-08-2021

### **Dietary Information**

Kosher: Non kosher Halal: Certified Vegetarian: No

### Handling precautions

For detailed handling information, please refer to the appropriate Safety Data Sheet. Enzymes may cause sensitization upon inhalation and irritation upon skin contact. The use of personal protection equipment such as gloves, goggles and respiratory protection can prevent sensitization. For additional guidelines refer to 'Guide to the safe handling of microbial enzymes preparations' published by the Association of Manufacturers and Formulators of Enzyme Products (AMFEP) and 'Working Safely With Enzymes' by the Enzyme Technical Association (ETA).

According to EU legislation, disposal of packaging material of this product should be treated as hazardous waste. Alternatively, or for non EU countries, packaging may be disposed of as normal waste by rinsing with plenty of water to ensure no enzyme residues are present.

# Legislation

The product complies with Jecfa (FAO/WHO) and FCC recommended specifications for food grade enzymes. The legal use of enzymes in food processing is governed by the general food law and by Reg. (EC) No 1332/2008. However the first positive list is only expected to be published in a few years from now. In the meantime, the regulatory situation is unchanged. The safety of the enzyme has been established and documented and as such the enzyme can be used as a processing aid in all countries that do not have specific requirements for approval. In the EU, this currently means all countries except Denmark and France, which have their own national approval systems.

The product is intended for use in food.

### Labeling

Enzymes, as processing aids, generally do not need to be labeled on the final product. However local legislation and standards of identity for the final product should always be consulted.

### **Trademarks**

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www.chr-hansen.com Page: 4 (5)



**Product Information** 

Version: 8 PI GLOB EN 10-08-2021

#### **GMO** Information

In accordance with the below mentioned legislation of the European Union we can inform that:

RENNET NATUREN STD PLUS 290 is not a GM (genetically modified) food \*.

As such GM labelling is not required for <u>RENNET NATUREN STD PLUS 290</u> or the food it is used to produce\*\*. Moreover, the product does not contain any GM labelled raw materials.

\* Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2003 on genetically modified food and feed.

Please note the information presented here does not imply that the product can either be used in, or is externally certified to be used in, food or feed labelled as 'organic' or 'GMO free'. Requirements to make these claims vary per country, please contact us for more information.

Allergen Information

Allergen information	
List of common allergens in accordance with the US Food Allergen Labeling and	Present as an
Consumer Protection Act of 2004 (FALCPA) and EU Regulation 1169/2011/EC with later	ingredient in
amendments	the product
Cereals containing gluten* and products thereof	No
Crustaceans and products thereof	No
Eggs and products thereof	No
Fish and products thereof	No
Peanuts and products thereof	No
Soybeans and products thereof	No
Milk and products thereof (including lactose)	No
Nuts* and products thereof	No
List of allergens in accordance with EU Regulation 1169/2011/EC only	
Celery and products thereof	No
Mustard and products thereof	No
Sesame seeds and products thereof	No
Lupine and products thereof	No
Mollusks and products thereof	No
Sulphur dioxide and sulphites (added) at concentrations of more than	
10 mg/kg or 10 mg/litre expressed as SO <sub>2</sub>	No

<sup>\*</sup> Please consult the EU Regulation 1169/2011 Annex II for a legal definition of common allergens, see European Union law at: www.eur-lex.europa.eu

www.chr-hansen.com Page: 5 (5)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Regulation (EC) No 1830/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2003 concerning the traceability and labelling of genetically modified organisms and the traceability of food and feed products produced from genetically modified organisms and amending Directive 2001/18/EC.